

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM _____ TO _____

Commission File Number: 001-12421



NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

**75 WEST CENTER STREET
PROVO, UTAH 84601**

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(801) 345-1000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

87-0565309

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of April 24, 2018, 55,611,527 shares of the registrant's Class A common stock, \$.001 par value per share, were outstanding.

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q – FIRST QUARTER 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
Part I.	Financial Information	
Item 1.	<u>Financial Statements (Unaudited):</u>	
	<u>Consolidated Balance Sheets</u>	1
	<u>Consolidated Statements of Income</u>	2
	<u>Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income</u>	3
	<u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows</u>	4
	<u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	5
Item 2.	<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	22
Item 3.	<u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk</u>	31
Item 4.	<u>Controls and Procedures</u>	31
Part II.	Other Information	
Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	31
Item 1A.	<u>Risk Factors</u>	31
Item 2.	<u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	32
Item 3.	<u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	32
Item 4.	<u>Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	32
Item 5.	<u>Other Information</u>	32
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	32
	<u>Signature</u>	34

In this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, references to "dollars" and "\$" are to United States ("U.S.") dollars.

Nu Skin, Pharmanex, and ageLOC are our trademarks. The italicized product names used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are product names and also, in certain cases, our trademarks.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

	<u>March 31,</u> <u>2018</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2017</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 421,484	\$ 426,399
Current investments	8,615	11,847
Accounts receivable	54,014	33,196
Inventories, net	282,983	253,454
Prepaid expenses and other	<u>66,705</u>	<u>52,893</u>
	833,801	777,789
Property and equipment, net	508,476	464,587
Goodwill	187,423	114,954
Other intangible assets, net	100,601	67,647
Other assets	<u>144,368</u>	<u>164,895</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,774,669</u>	<u>\$ 1,589,872</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 62,253	\$ 50,341
Accrued expenses	309,536	319,189
Current portion of long-term debt	<u>362,659</u>	<u>77,840</u>
	734,448	447,370
Long-term debt	107,275	310,790
Other liabilities	<u>133,818</u>	<u>127,116</u>
Total liabilities	<u>975,541</u>	<u>885,276</u>
Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Class A common stock – 500 million shares authorized, \$.001 par value, 90.6 million shares issued	91	91
Additional paid-in capital	523,233	466,349
Treasury stock, at cost – 34.9 million and 37.9 million shares	(1,280,586)	(1,304,694)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(55,474)	(66,318)
Retained earnings	<u>1,611,864</u>	<u>1,609,168</u>
	799,128	704,596
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 1,774,669</u>	<u>\$ 1,589,872</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.
Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)
(U.S. dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2018	2017
Revenue	\$ 616,219	\$ 499,099
Cost of sales	<u>146,281</u>	<u>111,266</u>
Gross profit	<u>469,938</u>	<u>387,833</u>
Operating expenses:		
Selling expenses	257,702	209,008
General and administrative expenses	<u>153,246</u>	<u>132,563</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>410,948</u>	<u>341,571</u>
Operating income	58,990	46,262
Other income (expense), net	<u>1,207</u>	<u>(4,567)</u>
Income before provision for income taxes	60,197	41,695
Provision for income taxes	<u>24,658</u>	<u>14,206</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 35,539</u>	<u>\$ 27,489</u>
Net income per share (Note 2):		
Basic	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.52
Diluted	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.51
Weighted-average common shares outstanding (000s):		
Basic	53,997	52,678
Diluted	55,959	54,057

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)
(U.S. dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Net income	\$ 35,539	\$ 27,489
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:		
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of taxes of \$854 and \$(222), respectively	11,047	9,695
Net unrealized gains (losses) on foreign currency cash flow hedges, net of taxes of \$28 and \$213, respectively	(247)	(387)
Reclassification adjustment for realized losses (gains) in current earnings, net of taxes of \$(5) and \$(24), respectively	44	43
	<u>10,844</u>	<u>9,351</u>
Comprehensive income	\$ 46,383	\$ 36,840

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)
(U.S. dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2018	2017
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 35,539	\$ 27,489
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	18,907	17,625
Equity method earnings	(456)	(104)
Gain on step acquisition	(13,644)	—
Loss on extinguishment of debt	7,220	—
Foreign currency losses	1,764	791
Stock-based compensation	6,761	3,929
Deferred taxes	10,062	4,522
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(8,589)	3,269
Inventories, net	(6,624)	2,340
Prepaid expenses and other	(12,915)	(12,088)
Other assets	(974)	(2,023)
Accounts payable	2,179	(125)
Accrued expenses	(36,230)	(26,282)
Other liabilities	(4,113)	1,984
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	<u>(1,113)</u>	<u>21,327</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(12,652)	(15,928)
Proceeds on investment sales	7,781	4,188
Purchases of investments	(4,539)	(4,716)
Acquisitions (net of cash acquired)	(28,311)	—
Investment in equity investee	(4,750)	(12,600)
Net cash (used in) investing activities	<u>(42,471)</u>	<u>(29,056)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Exercise of employee stock options and taxes paid related to the net shares settlement of stock awards	299	164
Payments on long-term debt	(9,094)	(17,830)
Payment of cash dividends	(19,801)	(18,987)
Proceeds from debt	75,943	25,000
Repurchases of shares of common stock	(17,386)	(6,816)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>29,961</u>	<u>(18,469)</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	<u>8,708</u>	<u>4,530</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(4,915)	(21,668)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	<u>426,399</u>	<u>357,246</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 421,484</u>	<u>\$ 335,578</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

1. THE COMPANY

Nu Skin Enterprises, Inc. (the "Company") is a leading, global direct selling company that develops and distributes premium-quality, innovative personal care products and nutritional supplements that are sold worldwide under the Nu Skin and Pharmanex brands and a small number of other products and services. Over the last several years, the Company has introduced new Pharmanex nutritional supplements and Nu Skin personal care products under its *ageLOC* anti-aging brand. The Company reports revenue from seven segments: Mainland China; South Korea; Southeast Asia, which consists of Brunei, French Polynesia, Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Vietnam; Americas/Pacific, which consists of Australia, Canada, Latin America, New Caledonia, New Zealand and the United States; Japan; Hong Kong/Taiwan; and Europe, Middle East and Africa ("EMEA"), which consists of several markets in Europe as well as Israel, Russia, Ukraine and South Africa (the Company's subsidiaries operating in these markets in each segment are collectively referred to as the "Subsidiaries").

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. The unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its Subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions are eliminated in consolidation. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, considered necessary for a fair statement of the Company's financial information as of March 31, 2018, and for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017. The results of operations of any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the fiscal year. The consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2017 has been prepared using information from the audited financial statements at that date. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and accompanying footnotes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

2. NET INCOME PER SHARE

Net income per share is computed based on the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the periods presented. Additionally, diluted earnings per share data gives effect to all potentially dilutive common shares that were outstanding during the periods presented. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, stock options of 0.9 million and 0.8 million, respectively, were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because they were anti-dilutive.

3. DIVIDENDS PER SHARE

In February 2018, the Company's board of directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.365 per share. This quarterly cash dividend of \$19.8 million was paid on March 14, 2018 to stockholders of record on February 26, 2018. In April 2018, the Company's board of directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.365 per share to be paid on June 13, 2018 to stockholders of record on May 25, 2018.

4. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company enters into non-designated foreign currency derivatives, primarily comprised of foreign currency forward contracts, for which hedge accounting does not apply. The changes in the fair market value of these non-designated derivatives are included in other income/expense in the Company's consolidated statements of income. The Company uses non-designated foreign currency derivatives to hedge foreign-currency-denominated intercompany transactions and to partially mitigate the impact of foreign-currency fluctuations. The fair value of the non-designated foreign currency derivatives is based on third-party quotes.

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The following table summarizes gains (losses) related to derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments during the three-month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 (U.S. dollars in thousands):

Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income	
		Three Months Ended March 31,	
		2018	2017
Foreign currency contracts	Other income (expense)	\$ —	\$ (485)

The Company designates as cash-flow hedges those foreign currency forward contracts it enters to hedge forecasted intercompany transactions that are subject to foreign currency exposures. Changes in the fair value of these forward contracts designated as cash-flow hedges are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) within shareholders' equity (deficit), and are recognized in the consolidated statement of income during the period which approximates the time the hedged transaction is settled.

As of March 31, 2018, the Company held forward contracts designated as foreign currency cash flow hedges with notional amounts totaling 0.3 billion Japanese yen (\$2.8 million), compared to 2.3 billion Japanese yen (\$20.6 million) as of March 31, 2017, to hedge forecasted foreign-currency-denominated intercompany transactions. The fair value of these hedges were \$(0.1) million and \$0.3 million as of March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The contracts held at March 31, 2018 have maturities through June 2018, and accordingly, all unrealized gains and losses on foreign currency cash flow hedges included in accumulated other comprehensive loss will be recognized in current earnings over the next 3 months.

The following table summarizes gains (losses) related to derivative instruments recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) during the three-month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 (U.S. dollars in thousands):

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Other Comprehensive Loss	
	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
Foreign currency forward contracts related to intercompany license fee, product sales, and selling expense hedges	\$ (247)	\$ (387)

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The following table summarizes gains (losses) relating to derivative instruments reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into income during the three-month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 (U.S. dollars in thousands):

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:	Location of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss into Income	Amount of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss into Income	
		Three Months Ended March 31,	
		2018	2017
Foreign currency forward contracts related to intercompany license fees and product sales hedges	Revenue	\$ (49)	\$ (25)
Foreign currency forward contracts related to intercompany selling expense hedges	Selling expenses	\$ —	\$ (41)

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, there were \$(0.1) million and \$0.2 million, respectively, of unrealized gains/(losses) included in accumulated other comprehensive loss related to foreign currency cash flow hedges. The remaining \$55.4 million and \$66.4 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, in accumulated other comprehensive loss are related to cumulative translation adjustments. The Company assesses hedge effectiveness at least quarterly. During the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, all hedges were determined to be effective.

The Company reports its derivatives at fair value as either other current assets or accrued expenses within its consolidated balance sheet. See Note 12 - Fair Value.

5. REPURCHASES OF COMMON STOCK

During the three-month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company repurchased 0.2 million and 0.1 million shares of its Class A common stock under its open market stock repurchase plan for \$17.4 million and \$6.8 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2018, \$110.6 million was available for repurchases under the Company's open market stock repurchase plan.

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's operating segments are based on geographic regions that generate revenue and hold its long-lived assets. The Company sells and distributes its products through a global network of customers and sales leaders in approximately 50 markets. The Company has divided these markets into seven operating segments, which are the Company's reportable segments: Mainland China, Hong Kong/Taiwan, South Korea, Japan, Southeast Asia, Americas/Pacific and EMEA. The reportable segments generate revenue from the sale of personal care products and nutritional supplements under the Nu Skin and Pharmanex brands, have similar business characteristics and align with how the CODM function began assessing performance and allocating resources in the first quarter of 2017. The Other category includes the manufacturing and product-packaging companies that the Company acquired during the first quarter of 2018, as well as the Company's indoor growing technology initiative.

Segment information for Q1 2017 has been recast to reflect the move of the Pacific components from the "South Asia/Pacific" operating segment to the "Americas/Pacific" operating segment. Consolidated financial information is not affected.

Profitability by segment as reported under US GAAP is driven primarily by the Company's transfer pricing policies. Segment contribution, which is the Company's segment profitability metric presented in the table below, excludes certain intercompany charges, specifically royalties, license fees, transfer pricing, discrete charges and other miscellaneous items. These charges have been included in Corporate and other expenses. Corporate and other expenses also include costs related to the Company's executive and administrative offices, information technology, research and development, marketing and supply chain functions not recorded at the segment level.

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in Note 1 – The Company. The Company evaluates the performance of its segments based on revenue and segment contribution. Each segment records direct expenses related to its employees and its operations.

Summarized financial information for the Company's reportable segments is shown in the following tables. Asset information is not reviewed or included with the Company's internal management reporting. Therefore, the Company has not disclosed asset information for each reportable segment.

Revenue by Segment

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
(U.S. dollars in thousands)		
Mainland China	\$ 197,531	\$ 150,004
Americas/Pacific	92,289	71,425
South Korea	88,930	82,471
Southeast Asia	70,860	63,025
Japan	63,224	61,156
EMEA	44,981	34,064
Hong Kong/Taiwan	40,992	35,948
Other	17,412	1,006
Total	<u>\$ 616,219</u>	<u>\$ 499,099</u>

Segment Contribution

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
(U.S. dollars in thousands)		
Mainland China	\$ 44,817	\$ 35,427
Americas/Pacific	9,172	11,059
South Korea	26,201	24,512
Southeast Asia	16,402	13,017
Japan	13,238	12,426
EMEA	4,754	1,791
Hong Kong/Taiwan	7,846	5,083
Total segment contribution	<u>122,430</u>	<u>103,315</u>
Corporate and other	<u>(63,440)</u>	<u>(57,053)</u>
Operating income	58,990	46,262
Other income (expense)	1,207	(4,567)
Income before provision for income taxes	<u>\$ 60,197</u>	<u>\$ 41,695</u>

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Depreciation and Amortization

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
(U.S. dollars in thousands)		
Mainland China	\$ 3,487	\$ 3,971
Americas/Pacific	214	566
South Korea	1,667	1,632
Southeast Asia	559	527
Japan	915	880
EMEA	176	272
Hong Kong/Taiwan	323	302
Other	11,566	9,475
Total	<u>\$ 18,907</u>	<u>\$ 17,625</u>

Capital Expenditures

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
(U.S. dollars in thousands)		
Mainland China	\$ 1,869	\$ 903
Americas/Pacific	189	234
South Korea	—	448
Southeast Asia	51	200
Japan	311	76
EMEA	35	193
Hong Kong/Taiwan	482	606
Other	9,715	13,268
Total	<u>\$ 12,652</u>	<u>\$ 15,928</u>

Revenue by Major Market

A major market is defined as one with total revenue greater than 10% of consolidated total revenue. Based on this criteria, the Company has identified three major markets: Mainland China, South Korea and Japan. There are approximately 50 other markets, each of which individually is less than 10%. No single customer accounted for 10% or more of net sales for the periods presented. Sales are recorded in the jurisdiction in which the transactions occurred.

Revenue by Product Line

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
(U.S. dollars in thousands)		
Nu Skin	\$ 386,450	\$ 301,873
Pharmanex	212,899	196,103
Other	16,870	1,123
Total	<u>\$ 616,219</u>	<u>\$ 499,099</u>

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Long-Lived Assets by Major Market

A major market is defined as a market with long-lived assets greater than 10% of consolidated long-lived assets and also includes the Company's country of domicile (the U.S.). Long-lived assets in Mainland China consist primarily of property, plant and equipment related to manufacturing, distribution facilities and the Mainland China headquarters. Long-lived assets in the U.S. consist primarily of property, plant and equipment, including the Company's corporate offices and distribution facilities. Long-lived assets by major markets are set forth below for the periods ended March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 (U.S. dollars in thousands):

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
United States	\$ 348,173	\$ 302,884
Mainland China	96,914	97,046
South Korea	40,804	42,211
Japan	9,305	9,342
All others	13,280	13,104
Total	<u>\$ 508,476</u>	<u>\$ 464,587</u>

7. GOODWILL

The Company's reporting units for goodwill are its operating segments, which are also its reportable segments. The following table presents goodwill allocated to the Company's reportable segments for the periods ended March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 (U.S. dollars in thousands):

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Mainland China	\$ 32,179	\$ 32,179
Americas/Pacific	9,449	9,449
South Korea	29,261	29,261
Southeast Asia	18,537	18,537
Japan	16,019	16,019
EMEA	2,875	2,875
Hong Kong/Taiwan	6,634	6,634
Other	72,469	—
Total	<u>\$ 187,423</u>	<u>\$ 114,954</u>

8. INVENTORY

Inventories consist of the following (U.S. dollars in thousands):

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Raw materials	\$ 98,199	\$ 87,683
Finished goods	184,784	165,771
	<u>\$ 282,983</u>	<u>\$ 253,454</u>

9. INCOME TAXES

Provision for income taxes for the first quarter of 2018 was \$24.7 million, compared to \$14.2 million for the prior-year period. The effective tax rate was 41.0% of pre-tax income during the first quarter of 2018 compared to 34.1% in the prior-year period. The increase in the effective tax rate reflects a \$5.8 million change from increasing our income tax reserves following an assessment we received from the Indonesia tax authorities during the first quarter of 2018. This increase was partially offset by a \$2.0 million benefit from a deduction in Japan related to Japan customs assessments that were affirmed by the Tokyo District Court in 2011; in the first quarter of 2018, the Japan and U.S. tax authorities reached resolution as to the amount that would be deductible in each jurisdiction.

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with the Income Taxes Topic of the Financial Accounting Standards Codification. These standards establish financial accounting and reporting standards for the effects of income taxes that result from an enterprise's activities during the current and preceding years. The Company takes an asset and liability approach for financial accounting and reporting of income taxes. The Company pays income taxes in many foreign jurisdictions based on the profits realized in those jurisdictions, which can be significantly impacted by terms of intercompany transactions between the Company and its foreign affiliates. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are created in this process. The Company has netted these deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities by jurisdiction. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amounts expected to be ultimately realized. As of March 31, 2018, and December 31, 2017, the Company had net deferred tax liabilities of \$5.4 million and \$2.9 million, respectively.

In accordance with ASU 2018-05 and SAB 118, the Company recognized the provisional tax impacts related to the re-measurement of our deferred income tax assets and liabilities and the one-time, mandatory transition tax on deemed repatriation during the year ended December 31, 2017. As of March 31, 2018, we have not made any additional measurement-period adjustments related to these items. Such adjustments may be necessary in future periods due to, among other things, the significant complexity of the Act and anticipated additional regulatory guidance that may be issued by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS"), changes in analysis, interpretations and assumptions the Company has made and actions the Company may take as a result of the Act. We are continuing to gather information to assess the application of the Act and expect to complete our analysis with the filing of our 2017 income tax returns during the third quarter of 2018.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and in various state and foreign jurisdictions. The Company is no longer subject to tax examinations from the IRS for all years for which tax returns have been filed before 2011. With a few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to state and local income tax examination by tax authorities for the years before 2011. In 2009, the Company entered into a voluntary program with the IRS called Compliance Assurance Process ("CAP"). The objective of CAP is to contemporaneously work with the IRS to achieve federal tax compliance and resolve all or most of the issues prior to filing of the tax return. The Company has elected to participate in the CAP program for 2018 and may elect to continue participating in CAP for future tax years; the Company may withdraw from the program at any time. In major foreign jurisdictions, the Company is generally no longer subject to income tax examinations for years before 2011. However, statutes in certain countries may be as long as ten years for transfer pricing related issues. Along with the IRS examination of 2011, the Company is currently under examination in certain foreign jurisdictions; however, the outcomes of those reviews are not yet determinable.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is subject to government regulations pertaining to product formulation, labeling and packaging, product claims and advertising, and the Company's direct selling system. The Company is also subject to the jurisdiction of numerous foreign tax and customs authorities. Any assertions or determination that either the Company or the Company's sales force is not in compliance with existing statutes, laws, rules or regulations could have a material adverse effect on the Company's operations. In addition, in any country or jurisdiction, the adoption of new statutes, laws, rules or regulations or changes in the interpretation of existing statutes, laws, rules or regulations could have a material adverse effect on the Company and its operations. No assurance can be given that the Company's compliance with applicable statutes, laws, rules and regulations will not be challenged by foreign authorities or that such challenges will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. The Company and its Subsidiaries are defendants in litigation, investigations and other proceedings involving various matters. In the opinion of the Company's management, based upon advice of its counsel handling such litigation, investigations and other proceedings, adverse outcomes, if any, are not currently expected to result in a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

The Company is subject to regular audits by federal, state and foreign tax authorities. These audits may result in additional tax liabilities. The Company believes it has appropriately provided for income taxes for all years. Several factors drive the calculation of its tax reserves. Some of these factors include: (i) the expiration of various statutes of limitations; (ii) changes in tax law and regulations; (iii) issuance of tax rulings; and (iv) settlements with tax authorities. Changes in any of these factors may result in adjustments to the Company's reserves, which would impact its reported financial results.

11. DEBT*Credit Agreement*

On October 9, 2014, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with various financial institutions, and Bank of America, N.A. as administrative agent. The Credit Agreement provides for a \$127.5 million term loan facility, a 6.6 billion Japanese yen term loan facility and a \$187.5 million revolving credit facility, each with a term of five years. On October 10, 2014, the Company drew the full amount of the term loan facilities, and as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company had an outstanding balance of \$122.5 million and \$47.5 million, respectively, on the revolving credit facility. The Credit Agreement requires that the Company maintain a consolidated leverage ratio not exceeding 2.25 to 1.00 and a consolidated interest coverage ratio of no less than 3.00 to 1.00. See Note 17 – Subsequent Events for discussion on the repayment of debt outstanding under the Credit Agreement on April 18, 2018.

Convertible Note

On June 16, 2016, the Company issued \$210.0 million of convertible senior notes (the "Convertible Notes") in a private offering to a Chinese investor (the "Holder"). The Convertible Notes are senior unsecured obligations which will rank equal in right of payment to all senior unsecured indebtedness of the Company and will rank senior in right of payment to any indebtedness that is contractually subordinated to the Convertible Notes. Interest on the Convertible Notes is payable semiannually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year at a rate of 4.75% per annum.

The Convertible Notes were scheduled to mature on June 15, 2020, unless repurchased or converted prior to maturity. Prior to the stated maturity date, the Company may, at its option, redeem all or part of the Convertible Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, provided that its common stock share price is equal to or exceeds 180% of the applicable conversion price for 20 or more trading days (including the final three trading days) in the 30 consecutive trading days prior to the Company's exercise of such redemption right. The Holder of the Convertible Notes may, at its option, cause the Company to repurchase all of such Holder's Convertible Notes or any portion thereof that is equal to \$1,000 in principal amount or multiples of \$1,000 upon a change in control or a termination of trading of the Company's common stock, as those terms are defined in the indenture governing the Convertible Notes. In addition, each holder of the Convertible Notes shall have the right, at such holder's option, to convert all or any portion thereof that is equal to \$1,000 in principal amount or multiples of \$1,000 at any time beginning six calendar months following June 16, 2016, at the then-applicable conversion rate. Upon conversion by the Holder, the Convertible Notes will be settled in cash with respect to principal and any accrued and unpaid interest to such date and in the Company's common shares with respect to any additional amounts, based on the applicable conversion rate at such time. The Convertible Notes had an initial conversion rate of 21.5054 common shares per \$1,000 principal amount of the Convertible Notes (which is equal to an initial conversion price of approximately \$46.50 per common share). Throughout the term of the Convertible Notes, the conversion rate may be adjusted upon the occurrence of certain specified events.

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Of the \$210.0 million in proceeds received from the issuance of the Convertible Notes, \$199.1 million was originally allocated to long-term debt (the "Liability Component") and \$10.9 million was allocated to additional paid-in capital (the "Equity Component") within the Company's consolidated balance sheet. The Liability Component was calculated by measuring the fair value of a similar debt instrument that does not have an associated conversion feature. The amount allocated to the Equity Component, which represents the conversion option, was calculated by deducting the fair value of the Liability Component from the par value of the Convertible Notes. The Company determined that the conversion option does not require separate accounting treatment as a derivative instrument because it is both indexed to the Company's own stock and would be classified in stockholders' equity if freestanding. The Equity Component will not be remeasured as long as it continues to meet the conditions for equity classification. The excess of the principal amount of the Liability Component over its carrying amount (the "Debt Discount") will be amortized to interest expense over the term of the Convertible Notes. As a result, the Liability Component will be accreted up to the Convertible Notes' \$210.0 million face value, resulting in additional non-cash interest expense being recognized within the Company's consolidated statement of income. The effective interest rate on the Convertible Notes is approximately 7.1% per annum.

The Company incurred approximately \$6.6 million of issuance costs related to the issuance of the Convertible Notes. Of the \$6.6 million in issuance costs incurred, \$6.3 million and \$0.3 million were recorded to deferred financing cost and additional paid-in capital, respectively, in proportion to the allocation of the proceeds of the Convertible Notes. The \$6.3 million recorded to deferred financing cost on the Company's consolidated balance sheet as a reduction of long-term debt is being amortized over the contractual term of the Convertible Notes using the effective interest method.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company recognized \$3.0 million in interest expense related to the Convertible Notes, which included \$2.5 million of contractual interest and \$0.5 million in amortization of debt issuance costs and in amortization of the Debt Discount prior to the conversion of the Notes.

During the first quarter of 2018, the Holder elected to convert the Convertible Notes pursuant to their terms of the indenture. The Company satisfied the equity portion of its conversion obligation on February 28, 2018 by issuing 1,535,652 shares of the Company's Class A common stock to the Holder and, on April 18, 2018, satisfied its obligations under the Convertible Notes by paying \$213.4 million which included \$3.4 million of accrued interest from December 15, 2017 through April 17, 2018. The early conversion of the Convertible Notes resulted in a \$7.2 million charge to other income (expense) for a loss on extinguishment of debt. The net carrying amount of the Liability Component was moved to short-term debt within the Company's consolidated balance sheet during the quarter ended March 31, 2018.

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The following table summarizes the Company's debt facilities as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

Facility or Arrangement	Original Principal Amount	Balance as of March 31, 2018⁽¹⁾ (2)	Balance as of December 31, 2017	Interest Rate	Repayment terms
Credit Agreement term loan facility:					
U.S. dollar denominated:	\$127.5 million	\$90.8 million	\$94.8 million	Variable 30 day: 4.627%	Principal amount was paid in full during April 2018.
Japanese yen denominated:	6.6 billion yen	4.7 billion yen (\$44.2 million as of March 31, 2018)	4.9 billion yen (\$43.5 million as of December 31, 2017)	Variable 30 day: 2.7595%	Principal amount was paid in full during April 2018.
Credit Agreement revolving credit facility:		\$122.5 million	\$47.5 million	Variable 30 day: 4.594%	Principal amount was paid in full during April 2018.
Japan subsidiary loan:	2.1 billion yen	0.4 billion yen (\$4.1 million as of March 31, 2018)	0.7 billion yen (\$5.9 million as of December 31, 2017)	0.66%	Payable in semi-annual installments over three years that began on January 31, 2016.
Convertible note	\$210.0 million	\$210.0 million	\$210.0 million	4.75%	Principal amount was paid in full during April 2018.

(1) As of March 31, 2018, the current portion of the Company's debt (i.e. becoming due in the next 12 months) included \$17.5 million of the balance of its U.S. dollar denominated debt under the Credit Agreement facility, \$8.5 million of the balance of its Japanese yen-denominated debt under the Credit Agreement facility, \$4.1 million of the Japan subsidiary loan and the \$210.0 million convertible note. The Company classified the \$122.5 million borrowed under the revolving line of credit as short term because it was the Company's intention to use the line of credit to borrow and pay back funds over short periods of time.

(2) The carrying value of the debt reflects the amounts stated in the above table less debt issuance costs of \$1.7 million related to the Credit Agreement, which is not reflected in this table.

12. FAIR VALUE

The carrying value of financial instruments including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate fair values due to the short-term nature of these instruments. The Company's current investments as of March 31, 2017 include certificates of deposits and pre-refunded municipal bonds that are classified by management as held-to-maturity as the Company had the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity. The carrying value of these current investments approximate fair values due to the short-term nature of these instruments. The Company has classified these instruments as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information.

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The FASB Codification defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. On a quarterly basis, the Company measures at fair value certain financial assets, including cash equivalents. Accounting standards specify a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company's market assumptions. These two types of inputs have created the following fair-value hierarchy:

- Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly;
- Level 3 – unobservable inputs based on the Company's own assumptions.

Accounting standards permit companies, at their option, to measure certain financial instruments and other eligible items at fair value. The Company has elected not to apply the fair value option to existing eligible items beyond what is required by US GAAP.

The following tables present the fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis (U.S. dollars in thousands):

	Fair Value at March 31, 2018			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets (liabilities):				
Cash equivalents and current investments	\$ 34,519	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 34,519
Other long-term assets	3,746	—	—	3,746
Forward contracts	—	(68)	—	(68)
Life insurance contracts	—	—	38,929	38,929
Total	<u>\$ 38,265</u>	<u>\$ (68)</u>	<u>\$ 38,929</u>	<u>\$ 77,126</u>

	Fair Value at December 31, 2017			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets (liabilities):				
Cash equivalents and current investments	\$ 36,531	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 36,531
Other long-term assets	3,726	—	—	3,726
Forward contracts	—	158	—	158
Life insurance contracts	—	—	37,737	37,737
Total	<u>\$ 40,257</u>	<u>\$ 158</u>	<u>\$ 37,737</u>	<u>\$ 78,152</u>

The following table provides a summary of changes in fair value of the Company's Level 3 marketable securities (U.S. dollars in thousands):

Life Insurance Contracts	
Beginning balance at January 1, 2018	\$ 37,737
Actual return on plan assets:	
Relating to assets still held at the reporting date	1,260
Purchases and issuances	—
Sales and settlements	(68)
Transfers into Level 3	—
Ending balance at March 31, 2018	\$ 38,929

13. ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*. The new revenue recognition standard provides a five-step analysis of transactions to determine when and how revenue is recognized. The core principle is that a company should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company adopted the new standard effective January 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective transition method. As a result of adopting this new accounting guidance, the Company has changed the method of accounting for its loyalty points program from a cost provision method to a deferred revenue method. The cumulative impact of adoption was a \$11.2 million net reduction to beginning retained earnings. See Note 17 – Revenue Recognition.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases (Subtopic 842)*. ASU 2016-02 will require companies to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclose key information about leasing arrangements. For public companies, this standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*. The objective of this update was to simplify several aspects of the accounting for employee share-based payment transactions, including accounting for income taxes related to share-based compensation, the related classification in the statement of cash-flows, and accounting for share award forfeitures. This ASU was effective for the Company beginning on January 1, 2017. Prior to January 1, 2017, excess tax benefits were recognized in equity. As permitted, the Company elected to classify excess tax benefits as an operating activity in the Statement of Cash Flows instead of as a financing activity on a prospective basis and did not retroactively adjust prior periods. As also permitted by the new guidance, beginning January 1, 2017 the Company has elected to account for share award forfeitures as they occur. Previously, share-based compensation expense was recorded net of estimated forfeitures. A cumulative adjustment of \$2.8 million was recorded to retained earnings and additional paid-in capital as of January 1, 2017. Prior periods were not retroactively adjusted.

In the second half of 2016, the FASB issued ASU Nos. 2016-15, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments*, and 2016-18, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash*. The objective of these updates is to reduce the diversity in practice in the classification of certain cash receipts and cash payments, and the presentation of restricted cash within an entity's statement of cash flows, respectively. These ASUs are effective for interim and annual fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-01, *Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business*. This guidance revises the definition of a business as it relates to acquisitions, disposals, goodwill impairments and consolidations. This ASU is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, *Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment*. This guidance simplifies the required test of goodwill for impairment by eliminating Step 2 from the goodwill impairment test. If a company determines in Step 1 of the goodwill impairment test that the carrying value of a reporting unit is less than the fair value, an impairment in that amount should be recorded to the income statement, rather than proceeding to Step 2. This ASU is effective for interim and annual impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In December 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-12, *Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities*. The new standard makes more financial and non-financial hedging strategies eligible for hedge accounting. It also amends the presentation and disclosure requirements and changes how companies assess effectiveness. For public companies, the amendments in this ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted in any interim period. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-02, *Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income*. This guidance provides an option to reclassify from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings the stranded tax effects resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017. This ASU is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

14. COST OF SALES

The Tokyo District Court and, on appeal in 2017, the Tokyo High Court have upheld the Japan customs authorities' customs assessments related to the importation of several of the Company's products into Japan. We have appealed the High Court's decision to the Japan Supreme Court.

As previously disclosed, the Company already recorded a charge of \$31.4 million to cost of sales in the first quarter of 2016, when the District Court issued its decision. This charge represents the full amount being disputed. It was a non-cash item because the Company was previously required to pay the assessments.

15. ACQUISITIONS

On January 22, 2018, the Company acquired the remaining 73% ownership in Innuvate Health Sciences, LLC ("Innuvate"), which owns a 92% interest in a nutritional product manufacturer. Prior to this acquisition, the Company owned 27% of Innuvate and accounted for it using the equity method. The remaining 8% ownership in the manufacturer will continue to be held by an unrelated third party. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company paid \$23.5 million in cash and shares of the Company in exchange for the 73% ownership in Innuvate, subject to adjustment for certain closing items. Innuvate is a contract manufacturer that specializes in softgel and hardshell capsule manufacturing.

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

On February 12, 2018, the Company acquired the remaining 65% ownership in Treviso, LLC ("Treviso"), making Treviso a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Treviso is a personal care product manufacturer. Prior to this acquisition, the Company owned 35% of Treviso and accounted for it using the equity method. Under the terms of the purchase agreement, the Company has paid \$83.9 million in cash and shares of the Company in exchange for the 65% ownership in Treviso, subject to adjustment for certain closing items. Treviso is a liquid contract manufacturing laboratory for premium personal care products.

On February 12, 2018, the Company acquired 100% ownership in L&W Holdings, Inc. ("L&W") making L&W a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. L&W is a packaging supplier company. Under the terms of the purchase agreement, the Company paid \$25.0 million in shares of the Company in exchange for 100% ownership in L&W, subject to adjustment for certain closing items. L&W specializes in the distribution and packaging of products in the cosmetic and nutritional industries.

The following table summarizes the fair value of consideration transferred for the acquisitions disclosed above (U.S. dollars in thousands):

	<u>Innuvate</u>	<u>Treviso</u>	<u>L&W Holdings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total cash consideration	\$ 17,587	\$ 14,648	\$ —	\$ 32,235
Shares issued in conjunction with acquisition	<u>5,863</u>	<u>69,252</u>	<u>25,000</u>	<u>100,115</u>
Total consideration	23,450	83,900	25,000	132,350
Previously held equity interest in equity method Investments ⁽¹⁾	<u>8,748</u>	<u>30,281</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>39,029</u>
Total	<u>\$ 32,198</u>	<u>\$ 114,181</u>	<u>\$ 25,000</u>	<u>\$ 171,379</u>

- (1) The acquisitions of Innuvate and Treviso are considered step acquisitions, and accordingly, the Company remeasured its pre-existing 27% equity interest in Innuvate and 35% of Treviso immediately prior to completion of the acquisition to its estimated fair value of approximately \$39.0 million. As a result of the remeasurement, the Company recorded a gain of approximately \$13.6 million within other income (expense), during the first quarter of 2018, representing the excess of the approximate \$39.0 million estimated fair value of its pre-existing 27% equity interest in Innuvate and 35% equity interest of Treviso over its transaction date carrying value of approximately \$25.4 million.

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The following table summarizes the fair value of the assets acquired for the acquisitions disclosed above (U.S. dollars in thousands):

	Innuvate		Treviso		L&W Holdings	
	<u>Life</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Life</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Life</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Total current assets		\$ 6,219		\$ 19,659		\$ 7,353
Fixed assets		9,291		33,282		114
Customer list	9 years	5,100	9 years	16,500	7 years	6,500
Order backlog	5 months	200	10 months	4,700	4 months	900
Trademarks	7 years	900	6 years	1,300	5 years	600
Total current liabilities		(3,942)		(3,740)		(1,495)
Other non-current liabilities		—		—		(1,731)
Total identifiable net assets acquired		17,768		71,701		12,241
Goodwill		17,230		42,480		12,759
Fair value of noncontrolling interest		(2,800)		—		—
Total consideration and value to be allocated to net assets		<u>\$ 32,198</u>		<u>\$ 114,181</u>		<u>\$ 25,000</u>

The fair values assigned to identifiable intangible assets acquired were determined primarily by using an income approach which was based on assumptions and estimates made by management. Significant assumptions utilized in the income approach were based on company-specific information and projections which are not observable in the market and are thus considered Level 3 measurements as defined by authoritative guidance. The excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the identified assets and liabilities has been recorded as goodwill.

Pro forma and historical results of operations for the acquired companies have not been presented because they are not material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the company's consolidated financial statements.

16. REVENUE RECOGNITION*Adoption of ASC Topic 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"*

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted Topic 606 using the modified retrospective method applied to those contracts which were not completed as of January 1, 2018. Results for reporting periods beginning after January 1, 2018 are presented under Topic 606, while prior period amounts are not adjusted and continue to be reported in accordance with our historic accounting under Topic 605.

The Company recorded a net reduction to opening retained earnings of \$11.2 million, net of tax, as of January 1, 2018 due to the cumulative impact of adopting Topic 606, with the impact primarily related to our loyalty point program deferrals. The impact to revenues as a result of applying Topic 606 was a decrease of \$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

Revenue Recognition

Net sales include products and shipping and handling charges, net of estimates for product returns and any related sales incentives. Revenue is measured as the amount of consideration we expect to receive in exchange for transferring products. All revenue is recognized when we satisfy our performance obligations under the contract. The Company recognizes revenue by transferring the promised products to the customer, with revenue recognized at shipping point, the point in time the customer obtains control of the products. The Company recognizes revenue for shipping and handling charges at the time the products are delivered to or picked up by the customer. The Company estimates product returns based on historical return rates. The majority of the Company's contracts have a single performance obligation and are short term in nature. Sales taxes and value added taxes in foreign jurisdictions that are collected from customers and remitted to governmental authorities are accounted for on a net basis and therefore are excluded from net sales.

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Contract Liabilities – Customer Loyalty Programs

Contract liabilities, recorded as deferred revenue within the accrued expenses line in the consolidated balance sheets, include loyalty point program deferrals with certain customers which are accounted for as a reduction in the transaction price and are generally recognized as points are redeemed for additional products on an annual basis. Significant changes in these contract liability balances were as follows for the three-month period ended March 31, 2018 (U.S. dollars in thousands):

	March 31, 2018
Outstanding at beginning of period	\$ 13,043 ⁽¹⁾
Increase (decrease) attributed to:	
Customer loyalty deferrals	2,090
Customer loyalty redemptions/expirations	(1,497)
Outstanding at end of period	<u>\$ 13,636</u>

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- ⁽¹⁾ The company recorded customer loyalty points under the cost provision method prior to the adoption of Topic 606. The loyalty point liability under the cost provision methodology was \$1.9 million as of December 31, 2017. The Company recorded an additional liability of \$11.2 million to the cumulative impact of adopting Topic 606.

Disaggregation of Revenue

Please refer to Note 6 - Segment Information for revenue by segment and product line.

Arrangements with Multiple Performance Obligations

The Company's contracts with customers may include multiple performance obligations. For such arrangements, the Company allocates revenues to each performance obligation based on its relative standalone selling price. The Company generally determines standalone selling prices based on the prices charged to customers for individual products sales to customers.

Practical Expedients and Exemptions

The Company generally expenses sales commissions when incurred because the amortization period would have been one year or less. These costs are recorded within selling expenses.

The Company does not disclose the value of unsatisfied performance obligations for contracts with an original expected length of one year or less.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

New Credit Agreement

On April 18, 2018, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement with several financial institutions as lenders and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent. The Credit Agreement provides for a \$400 million term loan facility and a \$350 million revolving credit facility, each with a term of five years. Concurrently with the closing of the Credit Agreement, the Company drew the full amount of the term loan facility and \$78.5 million of the revolving facility, each of which initially bear interest at the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), plus 2.25%. The interest rate applicable to the facilities is subject to adjustment based on the Company's consolidated leverage ratio. The term loan facility will amortize in quarterly installments in amounts resulting in an annual amortization of 5.0% during the first and second years, 7.5% during the third and fourth years and 10.0% during the fifth year after the closing date of the Credit Agreement, with the remainder payable at final maturity. The Credit Agreement requires the Company to maintain a consolidated leverage ratio not exceeding 2.25 to 1.00 and a consolidated interest coverage ratio of no less than 3.00 to 1.00.

On April 18, 2018, the Company repaid debt that was outstanding under its existing credit agreement, dated as of October 9, 2014, with the several financial institutions party thereto as lenders and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and its 4.75% convertible senior notes due 2020.

Repayment of 4.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020; Payment of Extension Fee

As set forth in Note 11 - Debt, the Company previously issued \$210.0 million principal amount of Convertible Notes 4.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 to Ping An ZQ. As previously disclosed, Ping An ZQ elected to convert the Convertible Notes in accordance with the terms of the indenture, dated as of June 16, 2016, by and between the Company and the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee, that governs the Convertible Notes. As set forth in Note 11 - Debt, in connection with the conversion of the Convertible Notes, the Company satisfied the equity portion of its conversion obligation on February 28, 2018 by issuing 1,535,652 shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock to Ping An ZQ. On April 18, 2018, the Company satisfied the cash portion of its conversion obligation by paying Ping An ZQ \$213.4 million (representing payment of (i) the full \$210.0 million principal amount of the Convertible Notes, (ii) \$3.4 million of accrued interest from December 15, 2017 through April 17, 2018. Upon completion of the Cash Payment, the Company's obligations under the Convertible Notes and the Indenture were satisfied and discharged.

On April 18, 2018, the Company paid Ping An ZQ an extension fee in the amount of \$105,000 (representing 0.05% of the principal amount of Convertible Notes outstanding as of 5:00 p.m. on April 2, 2018), satisfying in full the Company's obligations to Ping An ZQ under the previously disclosed side letter agreement entered into between the Company and Ping An ZQ.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q (this "Quarterly Report") contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that represent our current expectations and beliefs. All statements other than statements of historical fact are "forward-looking statements" for purposes of federal and state securities laws and include, but are not limited to, statements of management's expectations regarding our performance, initiatives, strategies, product introductions and offerings, sales compensation plan enhancements, growth, opportunities and risks; statements of projections regarding future sales, expenses, operating results, taxes and duties, capital expenditures, sources and uses of cash, foreign currency fluctuations or devaluations, and other financial items; statements of management's expectations and beliefs regarding our markets; statements regarding the payment of future dividends and stock repurchases; statements regarding the outcome of litigation, audits or investigations; accounting estimates and assumptions; statements of belief; and statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing. In some cases, you can identify these statements by forward-looking words such as "believe," "expect," "project," "anticipate," "estimate," "intend," "plan," "targets," "likely," "will," "would," "could," "may," "might," the negative of these words and other similar words. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. We caution and advise readers that these statements are based on assumptions that may not be realized and involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the expectations and beliefs contained herein. For a summary of these risks, see the risk factors included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 and in our subsequent reports.

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes and Management's Discussion and Analysis included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, and our other reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission through the date of this report on Form 10-Q.

Overview

Revenue for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 increased 24% to \$616.2 million, compared to \$499.1 million in the prior-year period, with foreign currency fluctuations positively impacting revenue approximately 7%. This revenue growth was driven by an 11% year-over-year increase in Customers and a 16% increase in Sales Leaders, reflecting the early results of our growth strategy that is focused on platforms, products and programs. In particular, during the quarter, we believe much of our growth was attributable to successful social selling initiatives and continued interest in our *ageLOC LumiSpa* skin treatment and cleansing device, which we introduced in the fourth quarter of 2017 and began making generally available for purchase in many of our markets during the first quarter of 2018. At the date of this report, *LumiSpa* is now generally available for purchase in all of our markets. In addition, \$16.0 million of our revenue for the first quarter of 2018 was generated by businesses that we acquired during the quarter; this accounted for 3 percentage points of our 24% year-over-year revenue growth.

Earnings per share for the first quarter of 2018 were \$0.64, compared to \$0.51 in the prior-year period. The increase in earnings per share primarily reflects the increased revenue in 2018 and the impact of certain items that occurred during the first quarter of 2018: a \$13.6 million gain from two step acquisitions completed during the quarter, a \$7.2 million charge associated with the conversion of our convertible notes and a \$5.8 million charge related to our income taxes in Indonesia. For more information about these items, see "Other income (expense), net" and "Provision for income taxes," below.

As previously disclosed, in the fourth quarter of 2017, we began to implement enhancements of our global sales compensation plan. We launched this program, which we refer to as "Velocity," in our Pacific region during the fourth quarter of 2017, and we are launching it in Taiwan and North America during the second quarter of 2018.

Segment Results

We report our business in seven segments to reflect our current management approach. As of the first quarter of 2018, we have reorganized the structure of our segments to reflect that our Pacific markets, which were previously managed by our Southeast Asia regional management and were included in our South Asia/Pacific operating segment, are now managed by our Americas regional management and are included in our Americas/Pacific operating segment. Segment information for the first quarter of 2017 has been recast to reflect this change. Consolidated financial information was not affected.

The following table sets forth revenue for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 for each of our reportable segments (U.S. dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change	Constant Currency Change⁽¹⁾
	2018	2017		
Mainland China	\$ 197,531	\$ 150,004	32%	22%
Americas/Pacific	92,289	71,425	29%	32%
South Korea	88,930	82,471	8%	1%
Southeast Asia	70,860	63,025	12%	7%
Japan	63,224	61,156	3%	(2%)
EMEA	44,981	34,064	32%	15%
Hong Kong/Taiwan	40,992	35,948	14%	11%
Other	17,412	1,006	1,631%	1,631%
Total	<u>\$ 616,219</u>	<u>\$ 499,099</u>	24%	17%

(1) Constant-currency revenue change is a non-GAAP financial measure. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures," below.

The table below sets forth segment contribution for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 for each of our reportable segments (U.S. dollars in thousands). Segment contribution excludes certain intercompany charges, specifically royalties, license fees, transfer pricing and other miscellaneous items. We use segment contribution to measure the portion of profitability that the segment managers have the ability to control for their respective segments. For additional information regarding our segments and the calculation of segment contribution, see Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this report.

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change
	2018	2017	
Mainland China	\$ 44,817	\$ 35,427	27%
Americas/Pacific	9,172	11,059	(17%)
South Korea	26,201	24,512	7%
Southeast Asia	16,402	13,017	26%
Japan	13,238	12,426	7%
EMEA	4,754	1,791	165%
Hong Kong/Taiwan	7,846	5,083	54%

The following table provides information concerning the number of Customers and Sales Leaders as of March 31, 2018 and 2017. "Customers" are persons who have purchased products directly from the Company during the three months ended as of the date indicated. "Sales Leaders" are independent distributors, and sales employees and independent marketers in China, who achieve certain qualification requirements.

	As of March 31, 2018		As of March 31, 2017		% Increase (Decrease)	
	Customers	Sales Leaders	Customers	Sales Leaders	Customers	Sales Leaders
Mainland China	200,000	27,000	176,000	19,100	14%	41%
Americas/Pacific	246,000	8,200	191,000	6,900	29%	19%
South Korea	179,000	7,300	189,000	8,000	(5%)	(9%)
Southeast Asia	118,000	6,600	98,000	6,200	20%	6%
Japan	129,000	6,200	132,000	6,400	(2%)	(3%)
EMEA	142,000	4,300	124,000	4,100	15%	5%
Hong Kong/Taiwan	72,000	3,900	70,000	3,900	3%	—
Total	1,086,000	63,500	980,000	54,600	11%	16%

Following is a narrative discussion of our results in each segment, which supplements the tables above.

Mainland China. The year-over-year increases in revenue, Sales Leaders and Customers in Mainland China primarily reflect continued momentum from 2017, particularly the fourth quarter of 2017, when we introduced *LumiSpa*. This initial offering of *LumiSpa*, together with sales and business promotions in the fourth quarter, drove Sales Leader growth that carried into the first quarter of 2018, which contributed to growth in revenue and Customers. The 32% year-over-year increase in reported revenue also reflects a favorable foreign-currency impact of 10%.

The increase in segment contribution primarily reflects higher revenue in 2018, which also caused a 2.4 percentage point decrease in general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue due to the fixed nature of certain of our general and administrative expenses as revenue increased. These improvements were partially offset by higher selling expenses as a percentage of revenue. A portion of selling expenses includes the salaries and service fees of our sales force in Mainland China, which are fixed for a three-month period of time, until they are adjusted during a quarterly evaluation process. Based on the strong performance in the fourth quarter of 2017, overall salaries and service fees were increased in the first quarter of 2018, causing the increase in selling expenses as a percentage of revenue.

Americas/Pacific. Our business in this segment improved on a year-over-year basis, with increases in our revenue, Sales Leaders and Customers. These improvements reflect favorable responses to our sales compensation initiatives, growth in Australia and some of our Latin America markets, particularly Argentina which accounted for 45% of the year-over-year revenue growth in this segment, and social selling initiatives in the United States. The continued revenue growth in Australia also reflects implementation of our Velocity sales compensation program enhancements, which as previously disclosed include slightly increased prices for some of our products.

The year-over-year decrease in segment contribution primarily reflects increased selling expenses as a percentage of revenue. Our selling expenses are impacted by the number of Sales Leaders qualifying for incentive trips and other promotional incentives and the cost of such trips and incentives, which were higher for the quarter in North America and Latin America.

South Korea. Our business in this segment continued to be challenged in the first quarter of 2018, with the year-over-year increase in revenue being almost entirely attributable to foreign-currency fluctuations and our Sales Leaders and Customers each decreasing on a year-over-year basis. Although interest in our *LumiSpa* product drove a slight increase in our Customers in this segment from the fourth quarter of 2017 to the first quarter of 2018, we believe that Customer acquisition has continued to be strained due to online competitive pressures. We also believe the political and economic environment in South Korea has negatively impacted our performance in this market.

Segment contribution for the first quarter of 2018 increased approximately proportionately with revenue; as a percentage of revenue, segment contribution was 29.5% in the first quarter of 2018 compared to 29.7% in the first quarter of 2017.

Southeast Asia. The year-over-year increases in revenue, Sales Leaders and Customers in this segment were primarily driven by successful social selling initiatives and a promotion of *LumiSpa* in several markets of the segment. Ninety percent of our year-over-year revenue growth in this segment was attributable to Vietnam and Indonesia, where social selling initiatives have been particularly successful. The 12% year-over-year increase in reported revenue also reflects a favorable foreign-currency impact of 5%.

The year-over-year increase in segment contribution reflects increased revenue, as well as a 2.6 percentage point decline in selling expenses as a percentage of revenue. Our selling expenses are impacted by the number of Sales Leaders qualifying for incentive trips and other promotional incentives and the cost of such trips and incentives.

Japan. The year-over-year declines in constant-currency revenue, Sales Leaders and Customers continued to reflect a soft direct selling market in Japan, which could be attributable to a challenging regulatory environment and an aging demographic. The 3% year-over-year increase in reported revenue reflects a favorable foreign-currency impact of 5%.

The year-over-year increase in segment contribution reflects increased reported revenue and a 1.2 percentage point decrease in selling expenses as a percentage of revenue.

EMEA. The year-over-year growth in revenue, Sales Leaders and Customers in this segment reflects continued success of Sales Leader social selling initiatives in many markets of the region, as well as successful product initiatives, including products that are conducive to social selling. The 32% year-over-year increase in reported revenue also reflects a favorable foreign-currency impact of 17%.

The year-over-year increase in segment contribution primarily reflects increased revenue, which also caused a 3.6 percentage point decrease in general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue due to the fixed nature of certain of our general and administrative expenses as revenue increased.

Hong Kong/Taiwan. The year-over-year increases in revenue and Customers in this segment reflect interest in *LumiSpa*, which we introduced in the fourth quarter of 2017, and successful social selling initiatives. We also introduced certain components of our Velocity sales compensation program enhancements in the first quarter of 2018 in Taiwan, with the full launch in Taiwan scheduled in the second quarter.

The year-over-year increase in segment contribution primarily reflects increased revenue.

Other. In addition to our seven segments, the manufacturing and product-packaging companies that we acquired during the first quarter of 2018 generated approximately \$16.0 million of reported revenue. These companies provide products and services both to our company and to external customers; reported revenue includes only the revenue generated by sales to external customers. Because we acquired the companies during the quarter, our reported revenue for these companies consists only of the revenue after the acquisitions, not the full quarter.

As a result of these acquisitions, we incurred \$1.7 million of expense associated with the amortization of acquired intangible assets under acquisition accounting. We currently expect that we will continue to incur approximately \$2–3 million of these charges per quarter during 2018. For information about the acquisitions during the first quarter of 2018, see Note 15 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this report.

Consolidated Results

Revenue

Revenue for the three-month period ended March 31, 2018 increased 24% to \$616.2 million, compared to \$499.1 million in the prior-year period. For a discussion and analysis of this increase in revenue, see "Overview" and "Segment Results," above. The new revenue recognition standard in the United States, which we adopted in the first quarter of 2018, had, and is expected to continue to have, an immaterial impact on our reported revenue. For information about this standard, see Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this report.

Gross profit

Gross profit as a percentage of revenue was 76.3% for the first quarter of 2018 and 77.7% in the prior-year period. This year-over-year decrease was driven by a 1.6 percentage point negative impact from the businesses we acquired in the first quarter of 2018; as previously disclosed, these companies' gross margins are lower than that of our core business, and we anticipate that these acquisitions will continue to negatively impact our gross margin, though we expect the impact will lessen later in 2018 as the products that these companies manufacture for our core business flow through our cost of goods sold. The gross margin in our core business improved slightly from the prior year.

Selling expenses

Selling expenses as a percentage of revenue in the first quarter of 2018 remained relatively even on a year-over-year basis at 41.8% compared to 41.9% for the prior-year period. The revenue from our acquired companies does not carry significant selling expenses; selling expenses from our core business increased as a percentage of revenue due to the factors discussed in the "Mainland China" and "Americas/Pacific" discussions, above.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses increased to \$153.2 million in the first quarter of 2018 compared to \$132.6 million in the prior-year period, primarily reflecting an increase in labor expenses. However, as a percentage of revenue, general and administrative expenses decreased to 24.9% for the first quarter of 2018 from 26.6% for the prior-year period due to the increase in revenue. Our acquisitions in the first quarter of 2018 did not have a material impact on our general and administrative expenses.

Other income (expense), net

Other income (expense), net for the first quarter of 2018 was \$1.2 million of income compared to \$4.6 million of expense for the same period in 2017. The increase in income primarily reflects a non-cash gain of \$13.6 million on our step acquisitions in the first quarter of 2018, as the fair value of our pre-acquisition interests in these companies exceeded the book value at the time of the acquisitions. This gain was partially offset by a non-cash charge of \$7.2 million related to the conversion of our then-outstanding convertible notes. For more information on these items, see Notes 11 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this report.

Provision for income taxes

Provision for income taxes for the first quarter of 2018 was \$24.7 million, compared to \$14.2 million for the prior-year period. The effective tax rate was 41.0% of pre-tax income during the first quarter of 2018 compared to 34.1% in the prior-year period. The increase in the effective tax rate reflects a 9.7 percentage point impact from increasing our income tax reserves following an assessment we received from the Indonesia tax authorities during the first quarter of 2018. This increase was partially offset by a 3.4 percentage point benefit from a deduction in Japan related to Japan customs assessments that were affirmed by the Tokyo District Court in 2011; in the first quarter of 2018, the Japan and U.S. tax authorities reached resolution as to the amount that would be deductible in each jurisdiction.

Net income

As a result of the foregoing factors, net income for the first quarter of 2018 was \$35.5 million compared to \$27.5 million in the prior-year period.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Historically, our principal uses of cash have included operating expenses (particularly selling expenses) and working capital (principally inventory purchases), as well as capital expenditures, stock repurchases, dividends, debt repayment and the development of operations in new markets. We have at times incurred long-term debt, or drawn on our revolving line of credit, to fund strategic transactions and stock repurchases. We typically generate positive cash flow from operations due to favorable margins and have generally relied on cash from operations to fund operating activities. However, in the first quarter of 2018, we had a net outflow of \$(1.1) million in cash from operations compared to a net inflow of \$21.3 million in cash from operations during the prior-year period. Our negative cash flow from operations in the first quarter of 2018 primarily reflected the payment of significant accruals as of the end of 2017, particularly commissions based on the initial *LumiSpa* offerings in the fourth quarter of 2017.

Working capital. As of March 31, 2018, working capital was \$99.4 million, compared to \$330.4 million as of December 31, 2017. This decrease primarily reflects an increase of \$284.8 in short-term debt, partially offset by increases of approximately \$21 million in accounts receivable and \$30 million in inventory during the quarter.

- The increase in short-term debt primarily consisted of our cash settlement obligation of \$210.0 million principal amount plus accrued interest from the conversion of our Convertible Notes, as defined and discussed below, and \$75.0 million of borrowings under our revolving line of credit during the quarter, which borrowings were primarily to fund acquisitions and the purchase of property related to one of the acquired companies.
- The increase in accounts receivable reflects the accounts receivable from our acquired companies and increased credit card receivables based on the timing of sales in the last few days of the first quarter of 2018.
- The increase in inventory primarily reflects the inventories of our acquired companies.

Cash and cash equivalents, including current investments, as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were \$430.1 million and \$438.2 million, respectively.

Capital expenditures. Capital expenditures in the first quarter of 2018 were \$12.7 million. Our 2018 capital expenditures include the following:

- the expansion and upgrade of facilities in our various markets; and
- purchases and expenditures for computer systems and equipment, software, and application development, including for digital and social selling initiatives.

We estimate that capital expenditures for the uses listed above will total approximately \$55 million for the remainder of 2018. In addition, we are also in the planning phase for a new manufacturing plant in Mainland China. Although we are currently in the process of establishing a budget for this plant, we currently believe our 2018 expenditures will be approximately \$15 million to \$20 million. This amount could be lower if there is a delay in obtaining the necessary governmental approvals for the project.

Conversion and satisfaction of convertible notes. In June 2016, we issued \$210.0 million principal amount of convertible 4.75% senior notes due 2020 (the "Convertible Notes") to Ping An ZQ China Growth Opportunity Limited ("Ping An ZQ") at face value. During the first quarter of 2018, Ping An ZQ elected to convert the Convertible Notes pursuant to their terms. In connection with such conversion and pursuant to the terms of the indenture governing the Convertible Notes, we became obligated to deliver shares of Class A common stock and cash to Ping An ZQ. We satisfied our obligation to deliver shares of Class A common stock to Ping An ZQ during the first quarter of 2018 and, on April 18, 2018, satisfied our obligations under the Convertible Notes by paying Ping An ZQ \$213.4 million in cash.

New credit agreement. On April 18, 2018, we entered into a credit agreement (the "New Credit Agreement") with several financial institutions as lenders and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent. The New Credit Agreement provides for a \$400 million term loan facility and a \$350 million revolving credit facility, each with a term of five years. Concurrently with the closing of the New Credit Agreement, we drew the full amount of the term loan facility and \$78.5 million of the revolving facility, each of which initially bear interest at the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus 2.25%. We used the proceeds of the term loan and the draw on the revolving facility to pay off the Existing Credit Agreement, as defined below, and the outstanding balance on the Convertible Notes. The interest rate applicable to the facilities is subject to adjustment based on our consolidated leverage ratio. The term loan facility will amortize in quarterly installments in amounts resulting in an annual amortization of 5.0% during the first and second years, 7.5% during the third and fourth years and 10.0% during the fifth year after the closing date of the New Credit Agreement, with the remainder payable at final maturity. The New Credit Agreement requires us to maintain a consolidated leverage ratio not exceeding 2.25 to 1.00 and a consolidated interest coverage ratio of no less than 3.00 to 1.00.

Retirement of previous credit agreement. On April 18, 2018, we repaid debt that was outstanding under our credit agreement, dated as of October 9, 2014, with several financial institutions as lenders and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent (the "Existing Credit Agreement"). We had indebtedness of \$257.6 million in principal amount outstanding under the Existing Credit Agreement as of both March 31, 2018 and April 18, 2018. See Notes 11 and 17 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this report for further information regarding the New Credit Agreement, Convertible Notes and other debt.

Stock repurchase plan. Our board of directors has approved a stock repurchase plan authorizing us to repurchase up to \$500 million of our outstanding shares of Class A common stock on the open market or in private transactions. The repurchases are used primarily to offset dilution from our equity incentive plans and for strategic initiatives. During the first three months of 2018, we repurchased approximately 0.2 million shares of Class A common stock under this plan for \$17.4 million. At March 31, 2018, \$110.6 million was available for repurchases under the stock repurchase plan.

Dividends. In February 2018, our board of directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.365 per share. This quarterly cash dividend of \$19.8 million was paid March 14, 2018 to stockholders of record on February 26, 2018. In April 2018, our board of directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.365 per share to be paid on June 13, 2018 to stockholders of record on May 25, 2018. Currently, we anticipate that our board of directors will continue to declare quarterly cash dividends and that the cash flows from operations will be sufficient to fund our future dividend payments. However, the continued declaration of dividends is subject to the discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon various factors, including our net earnings, financial condition, cash requirements, future prospects and other relevant factors.

Cash from foreign subsidiaries. As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we held \$430.1 million and \$438.2 million, respectively, in cash and cash equivalents, including current investments. These amounts include \$397.2 million and \$413.8 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, held in our operations outside of the U.S. Substantially all of our non-U.S. cash and cash equivalents are readily convertible into U.S. dollars or other currencies, subject to procedural or other requirements in certain markets as described below.

We typically fund the cash requirements of our operations in the U.S. through intercompany dividends and intercompany charges for products, use of intangible property, and corporate services. Some markets impose government-approval or other requirements for the repatriation of dividends. For example, in Mainland China, we are unable to repatriate cash from current operations in the form of dividends until we file the necessary statutory financial statements for the relevant period. As of March 31, 2018, we had \$201.7 million in cash denominated in Chinese RMB. We also have intercompany loan arrangements with some of our markets, including Mainland China, that allow us to access available cash, subject to certain limits in Mainland China and other jurisdictions. We also have, and may continue to, draw on our revolving line of credit to address cash needs until we can repatriate cash from Mainland China or other markets. We currently plan to repatriate undistributed earnings from our non-U.S. operations as necessary, considering the cash needs of our non-U.S. operations and the cash needs of our U.S. operations for dividends, stock repurchases, capital investments, debt repayment and strategic transactions. We have not designated our investments as indefinitely reinvested, but rather have these funds available for our operations in the U.S. as needed. Repatriation of non-U.S. earnings is subject to withholding taxes in certain foreign jurisdictions. Accordingly, we have accrued the necessary withholding taxes related to the non-U.S. earnings.

We currently believe that existing cash balances, future cash flows from operations and existing lines of credit will be adequate to fund our cash needs on both a short- and long-term basis. The majority of our historical expenses have been variable in nature, and as such, a potential reduction in the level of revenue would reduce our cash flow needs. In the event that our current cash balances, future cash flow from operations and current lines of credit are not sufficient to meet our obligations or strategic needs, we would consider raising additional funds in the debt or equity markets or restructuring our current debt obligations. Additionally, we would consider realigning our strategic plans, including a reduction in capital spending, stock repurchases or dividend payments.

Contingent Liabilities

Please refer to Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this report for information regarding our contingent liabilities.

Critical Accounting Policies

There were no significant changes in our critical accounting policies during the first quarter of 2018.

Seasonality and Cyclical

In addition to general economic factors, we are impacted by seasonal factors and trends such as major cultural events and vacation patterns. For example, most Asian markets celebrate their respective local New Year in the first quarter, which generally has a negative impact on that quarter. We believe that direct selling is also generally negatively impacted during the third quarter, when many individuals, including our sales force, traditionally take vacations.

Prior to making a product generally available for purchase, we often do one or more introductory offerings of the product, such as a preview of the product to our Sales Leaders, a limited-time offer, or other product introduction or promotion. These offerings may generate significant activity and a high level of purchasing, which can result in a higher-than-normal increase in revenue during the quarter and can skew year-over-year and sequential comparisons.

Currency Risk and Exchange Rate Information

A majority of our revenue and many of our expenses are recognized outside of the United States, except for inventory purchases, a significant portion of which are primarily transacted in U.S. dollars from vendors in the United States. The local currency of each of our Subsidiaries' primary markets is considered the functional currency with the exception of our Asia product-distribution subsidiary in Singapore. All revenue and expenses are translated at weighted-average exchange rates for the periods reported. Therefore, our reported revenue and earnings will be positively impacted by a weakening of the U.S. dollar and will be negatively impacted by a strengthening of the U.S. dollar. Given the large portion of our business derived from outside of the United States, any strengthening of the U.S. dollar negatively impacts reported revenue and profits, whereas a weakening of the U.S. dollar positively impacts our reported revenue and profits. Given the uncertainty of exchange rate fluctuations, it is difficult to predict the effect of these fluctuations on our future business, product pricing and results of operations or financial condition.

We may seek to reduce our exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates through the use of foreign currency exchange contracts and through intercompany loans of foreign currency. We do not use derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. We regularly monitor our foreign currency risks and periodically take measures to reduce the impact of foreign exchange fluctuations on our operating results. As of March 31, 2018 and 2017, we did not hold non-designated mark-to-market forward derivative contracts to hedge foreign denominated intercompany positions or third party foreign debt. We held forward contracts designated as foreign currency cash flow hedges with notional amounts totaling approximately 0.3 billion Japanese yen (\$2.8 million) as of March 31, 2018, compared to 2.3 billion Japanese yen (\$20.6 million) as of March 31, 2017, to hedge forecasted foreign-currency-denominated intercompany transactions. Because of our foreign exchange contracts at March 31, 2018, the impact of a 10% appreciation or 10% depreciation of the U.S. dollar against the Japanese yen would not represent a material potential loss in fair value, earnings or cash flows against these contracts. This potential loss does not consider the underlying foreign currency transaction or translation exposures to which we are subject.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Constant-currency revenue growth is a non-GAAP financial measure that removes the impact of fluctuations in foreign-currency exchange rates, thereby facilitating period-to-period comparisons of the company's performance. It is calculated by translating the current period's revenue at the same average exchange rates in effect during the applicable prior-year period and then comparing this amount to the prior-year period's revenue.

Available Information

Our website address is www.nuskin.com. We make available, free of charge on the Investor Relations portion of our website, ir.nuskin.com, our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the Securities and Exchange Commission.

We also use the Investor Relations portion of our website, ir.nuskin.com, as a channel of distribution of additional Company information that may be deemed material. Accordingly, investors should monitor this channel, in addition to following our press releases, Securities and Exchange Commission filings and public conference calls and webcasts. The contents of our website shall not be deemed to be incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The information required by Item 3 of Part I of Form 10-Q is incorporated herein by reference from the section entitled "Currency Risk and Exchange Rate Information" in "Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of Part I and also from Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this report.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this report, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")). Based on that evaluation, our CEO and our CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2018.

Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting.

We made no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2018 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There have been no material developments concerning the matters discussed in the "Legal Proceedings" section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the 2017 fiscal year. Please refer to Notes 10 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this report for certain information regarding our legal proceedings.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the 2017 fiscal year.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer**

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid per Share	(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	(d) Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (in millions) ⁽¹⁾
January 1 – 31, 2018	—		—	\$ 128.0
February 1 – 28, 2018	—		—	\$ 128.0
March 1 – 31, 2018	236,820	\$ 73.41	236,820	\$ 110.6
Total	236,820	\$ 73.41	236,820	

⁽¹⁾ In October 2015, we announced that our board of directors approved a stock repurchase plan. Under this plan, our board of directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$500.0 million of our outstanding Class A common stock on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not Applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**Exhibits
Regulation S-K
Number****Description**

4.1	First Supplemental Indenture between Nu Skin Enterprises, Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. as Trustee dated as of March 20, 2018.
10.1	Nu Skin Enterprises, Inc. Executive Severance Policy (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 14, 2018).
10.2	Amendment to Employment Agreement between the Company and Joseph Y. Chang dated March 8, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 14, 2018).
10.3	Side Letter Agreement with Ping An ZQ China Growth Opportunity Limited dated March 13, 2018.
10.4	Side Letter Agreement with Ping An ZQ China Growth Opportunity Limited dated March 17, 2018.

10.5	<u>Credit Agreement among the Company, various financial institutions, and Bank of America, N.A. as administrative agent, dated as of April 18, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 23, 2018).</u>
31.1	<u>Certification by Ritch N. Wood, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
31.2	<u>Certification by Mark H. Lawrence, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
32.1	<u>Certification by Ritch N. Wood, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
32.2	<u>Certification by Mark H. Lawrence, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

April 26, 2018

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

By: /s/ Mark H. Lawrence
Mark H. Lawrence
Chief Financial Officer
(Duly Authorized Officer and Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

FIRST SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE

between

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

AND

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, N.A.

AS TRUSTEE

Dated as of March 20, 2018

FIRST SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE

THIS FIRST SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE (this "First Supplemental Indenture"), dated as of March 19, 2018, is between Nu Skin Enterprises, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., a national banking association organized under the laws of the United States, as trustee (the "Trustee").

RECITALS OF THE COMPANY

WHEREAS, the Company and the Trustee executed and delivered an Indenture, dated as of June 16, 2016 (the "Original Indenture"), relating to the Company's 4.75% Senior Notes due 2020 (the "Convertible Notes") as supplemented by this First Supplemental Indenture, and the Original Indenture together with this First Supplemental Indenture, the "Indenture"), each between the Company and the Trustee;

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 9.02 of the Original Indenture the Company and the Trustee, with the written consent of the Holders of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Securities, may enter into one or more indentures supplemental to the Original Indenture and modifying the terms of the Original Indenture;

WHEREAS, Ping An ZQ China Growth Opportunity Limited ("Ping An ZQ") is the beneficial owner of the full principal amount of the outstanding Convertible Notes;

WHEREAS, on February 16, 2018, Ping An ZQ issued a letter to the Company and a Conversion Notice to the Conversion Agent to convert the full \$210.0 million aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes in accordance with the terms of the Original Indenture;

WHEREAS, pursuant to the terms of the Original Indenture, the Company agreed to settle its conversion obligation with respect to the Convertible Notes (i) in cash in the amount of \$210.0 million with respect to the principal amount of the Convertible Notes converted and any accrued and unpaid interest to the conversion settlement date ("Cash Settlement"), and (ii) in 1,535,652 shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock (the "Class A Common Stock") with respect to any additional amounts (the "Share Settlement");

WHEREAS, on February 28, 2018, the Company satisfied its obligations with respect to the Share Settlement by delivering 1,535,652 shares of the Class A Common Stock to Ping An ZQ;

WHEREAS pursuant to Section 10.02(c) of the Original Indenture, the Company is required to satisfy its obligations with respect the Cash Settlement by delivering the cash payment to Ping An ZQ no later than April 2, 2018, which date is the 30th Business Day after February 16, 2018;

WHEREAS, on March 13, 2018, Ping An ZQ and the Company executed a side letter (the "Side Letter") pursuant to which Ping An ZQ consented to extend the latest date for payment of the Cash Settlement to May 15, 2018 (the "New Cash Settlement Date"), which Side Letter was delivered to the Trustee and constitutes the written consent of 100% of the Holders of the Convertible Notes to the substance of this First Supplemental Indenture pursuant to Section 9.02 of the Original Indenture;

WHEREAS, the Company desires to supplement the Original Indenture to reflect the New Cash Settlement Date;

WHEREAS, the Company has requested that the Trustee execute and deliver this First Supplemental Indenture, and all requirements necessary to make this First Supplemental Indenture a valid instrument in accordance with its terms have been performed, and the execution and delivery of this First Supplemental Indenture have been duly authorized in all respects;

NOW, THEREFORE, the Company and the Trustee agree, as follows:

ARTICLE 1 **DEFINITIONS**

SECTION 1.01. *Scope of Supplemental Indenture.* The provisions of this First Supplemental Indenture shall supersede any corresponding or conflicting provisions in the Original Indenture.

SECTION 1.02. *Definitions.* For all purposes of this First Supplemental Indenture, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires, all words, terms and phrases not otherwise defined herein shall have the same meaning as in the Original Indenture.

ARTICLE 2 **AMENDING SECTION 10.2(c)**

SECTION 2.01. *Amending Section 10.2(c).* Section 10.2(c) of the Original Indenture shall be deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

"(c) In the case of any conversion of Securities other than the Purchaser Securities, the Company shall pay or deliver, as the case may be, the consideration due in respect of the Conversion Obligation on the later of (i) the third Business Day immediately following the relevant Conversion Date and (ii) the third Business Day immediately following the last Trading Day of the relevant Observation Period, as applicable. In the case of any conversion of Purchaser Securities, the Company shall pay or deliver, as the case may be, the consideration due in respect of the Conversion Obligation on the third Business Day immediately following the relevant Conversion Date unless otherwise specified in the written notice referred to in the second proviso below; provided, however, that (i) to the extent all or a portion of the Conversion Obligation is paid in cash, such cash shall not be due until the earlier of (A) May 15, 2018 and (B) the Maturity Date, and (ii) to the extent all or a portion of the Conversion Obligation is to be paid in shares of Common Stock, such shares shall be delivered on the day specified in a written notice from the beneficial owner(s) of the Purchaser Securities being converted that is delivered to the Company on or prior to the second Business Day immediately following the relevant Conversion Date, which delivery date (in respect of such shares of Common Stock) shall be no earlier than the third Business Day immediately following the relevant Conversion Date and be no later than the seventh Business Day immediately following the relevant Conversion Date (it being understood that if no such notice is delivered to the Company, then the Company shall deliver such shares on the third Business Day immediately following the relevant Conversion Date). Such written notice shall include a certification therein that the beneficial owners delivering such written notice are holders that hold beneficial interests in the Purchaser Securities subject to conversion. If any shares of Common Stock are due to converting Holders, the Company shall issue or cause to be issued, and deliver or cause to be delivered to such Holder, or such Holder's nominee(s) or transferee(s), certificates or a book-entry transfer through the Depository for the full number of shares of Common Stock to which such Holder shall be entitled in satisfaction of the Company's Conversion Obligation."

SECTION 2.02. *Ratification of Original Indenture.* The Original Indenture, as supplemented by this First Supplemental Indenture, is in all respects ratified and confirmed, and this First Supplemental Indenture shall be deemed part of the Original Indenture in the manner and to the extent herein and therein provided.

The Trustee hereby accepts the trusts in this First Supplemental Indenture declared and provided, upon the terms and conditions herein above set forth. The Trustee is not responsible for the validity or sufficiency of this First Supplemental Indenture, nor for the recitals contained herein, all of which shall be taken as statements of the Company.

[Remainder of the page intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this First Supplemental Indenture to be duly executed as of the day and year first above written.

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

By: /s/ D. Matthew Dorny

Name: D. Matthew Dorny

Title: Executive Vice

President and Secretary

The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, Registrar,
Paying Agent and Conversion Agent

By: /s/ Lawrence M. Kusch

Name: Lawrence M. Kusch

Title: Vice President

ZQ CAPITAL LIMITED
Suite 3208 Champion Tower
Three Garden Road, Central, Hong Kong

March 13, 2018

To: Nu Skin Enterprises, Inc.
75 West Center
Provo, UT 84601, USA

Re: Cash Settlement of Convertible Notes

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Reference is made to the Indenture (the "**Indenture**"), dated as of June 16, 2016, by and between Nu Skin Enterprises, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "**Issuer**"), and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., a national banking association organized under the laws of the United States, as trustee (the "**Trustee**"), pursuant to which, among others, the Issuer issued to Ping An ZQ China Growth Opportunity Limited ("**Ping An ZQ**") the Issuer's 4.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 (the "**Convertible Notes**") in the aggregate principal amount of \$210 million.

On February 16, 2018, Ping An ZQ issued a letter to the Issuer and a Conversion Notice (as defined in the Indenture) to the Conversion Agent (as defined in the Indenture) to convert its full \$210 million of the aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes. Pursuant to the terms of the Indenture, the Issuer has agreed to settle its conversion obligation with respect to the Convertible Notes (i) in cash in the amount of \$210 million with respect to the principal amount of the Convertible Notes converted and any accrued and unpaid interest to the conversion settlement date ("**Cash Settlement**"), and (ii) in 1,535,652 shares of the Issuer's Class A Common Stock (the "**Class A Common Stock**") with respect to any additional amounts so long as the Convertible Notes were held by Ping An ZQ (the "**Share Settlement**"). On February 28, 2018, the Issuer satisfied its obligations under the Share Settlement by delivering 1,535,652 shares of the Class A Common Stock to Ping An ZQ.

Pursuant to Section 10.02(c) of the Indenture, the Issuer is required to satisfy its obligations under the Cash Settlement by delivering the cash payment to Ping An ZQ no later than April 2, 2018, which date is the 30th Business Day (as defined in the Indenture) after February 16, 2018.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, each of the Issuer and Ping An ZQ hereby agrees (i) to extend the latest date for payment of the Cash Settlement to May 15, 2018 and (ii) to take all actions necessary or appropriate to extend the latest date for payment of the Cash Settlement to May 15, 2018, including, without limitation, providing any consent, document or other information reasonably requested by the Trustee.

[Signature pages to follow]

Sincerely Yours,

PING AN ZQ CHINA GROWTH OPPORTUNITY LIMITED

By: /s/ Zheqing Shen

Name: Zheqing Shen

Title: Director

Acknowledged and agreed,

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

By: /s/ D. Matthew Dorny
Name: D. Matthew Dorny
 EVP, General
Title: Counsel and Secretary

[Signature Page to Side Letter]

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

75 West Center
Provo, UT 84601, USA

March 17, 2018

To: ZQ Capital Limited
Suite 3208 Champion Tower
Three Garden Road, Central, Hong Kong

Re: Cash Settlement of Convertible Notes

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Reference is made to the Indenture (the "**Indenture**"), dated as of June 16, 2016, by and between Nu Skin Enterprises, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "**Issuer**"), and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., a national banking association organized under the laws of the United States, as trustee (the "**Trustee**"), pursuant to which, among others, the Issuer issued to Ping An ZQ China Growth Opportunity Limited ("**Ping An ZQ**") the Issuer's 4.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 (the "**Convertible Notes**") in the aggregate principal amount of \$210 million.

On February 16, 2018, Ping An ZQ issued a letter to the Issuer and a Conversion Notice (as defined in the Indenture) to the Conversion Agent (as defined in the Indenture) to convert its full \$210 million of the aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes. Pursuant to the terms of the Indenture, the Issuer agreed to settle its conversion obligation with respect to the Convertible Notes (i) in cash in the amount of \$210 million with respect to the principal amount of the Convertible Notes converted and any accrued and unpaid interest to the conversion settlement date ("**Cash Settlement**"), and (ii) in 1,535,652 shares of the Issuer's Class A Common Stock (the "**Class A Common Stock**") with respect to any additional amounts so long as the Convertible Notes were held by Ping An ZQ (the "**Share Settlement**"). On February 28, 2018, the Issuer satisfied its obligations under the Share Settlement by delivering 1,535,652 shares of the Class A Common Stock to Ping An ZQ.

Pursuant to Section 10.02(c) of the Indenture, the Issuer is required to satisfy its obligations under the Cash Settlement by delivering the cash payment to Ping An ZQ no later than April 2, 2018 (the "**Original Cash Settlement Date**"), which date is the 30th Business Day (as defined in the Indenture) after February 16, 2018.

On March 13, 2018, the Issuer and Ping An ZQ entered into a side letter (the "**Side Letter**") pursuant to which Ping An ZQ consented, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Indenture, to extend the latest date for payment of the Cash Settlement to May 15, 2018 (the "**Extended Cash Settlement Date**").

In consideration for the Side Letter, the Issuer hereby agrees to pay to Ping An ZQ, in cash, an amount equal to 0.05% multiplied by the principal amount of the Convertible Notes outstanding as of 5:00 p.m. New York City Time on the Original Cash Settlement Date (the "**Extension Fee**"). The Extension Fee, if incurred, shall be paid in addition to, and substantially simultaneously with, the payment of the Cash Settlement. Pursuant to the terms of the Indenture, the Cash Settlement shall include accrued and unpaid interest on the outstanding principal amount of the Convertible Notes through the date the Issuer fully satisfies its obligations under the Cash Settlement.

Ping An ZQ hereby acknowledges that delivery of the Cash Settlement and the Extension Fee in accordance with this letter and the Side Letter shall constitute full satisfaction and discharge of the Issuer's obligations to Ping An ZQ, as sole beneficial owner of the Convertible Notes, under the Indenture.

[Signature pages to follow]

Sincerely Yours,

NU SKIN ENTERPRISES, INC.

By: /s/ D. Matthew Dorny

Name: D. Matthew Dorny

Title: Executive Vice

 President and Secretary

Acknowledged and agreed,

PING AN ZQ CHINA GROWTH OPPORTUNITY LIMITED

By: /s/ Zheqing Shen

Name: Zheqing Shen

Title: Director

[Signature Page to Side Letter]

EXHIBIT 31.1
SECTION 302 – CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, Ritch N. Wood, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Nu Skin Enterprises, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 26, 2018

/s/ Ritch N. Wood
Ritch N. Wood
Chief Executive Officer

EXHIBIT 31.2
SECTION 302 – CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, Mark H. Lawrence, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Nu Skin Enterprises, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 26, 2018

/s/ Mark H. Lawrence
Mark H. Lawrence
Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT 32.1
SECTION 906 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of Nu Skin Enterprises, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2018 (the "Report"), I, Ritch N. Wood, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: April 26, 2018

/s/ Ritch N. Wood
Ritch N. Wood
Chief Executive Officer

EXHIBIT 32.2
SECTION 906 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of Nu Skin Enterprises, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2018 (the "Report"), I, Mark H. Lawrence, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: April 26, 2018

/s/ Mark H. Lawrence
Mark H. Lawrence
Chief Financial Officer

